## **On the Fast-Track to end AIDS**

# UNAIDS 2016–2021 Strategy

Prepared by Strategic Policy Directions Team



## Overview



#### Strategy development process

- 2
- UNAIDS 2016–2021 Strategy: Key features and content overview
- 3
- UNAIDS 2016–2021 Strategy: Goal framework, targets and result areas



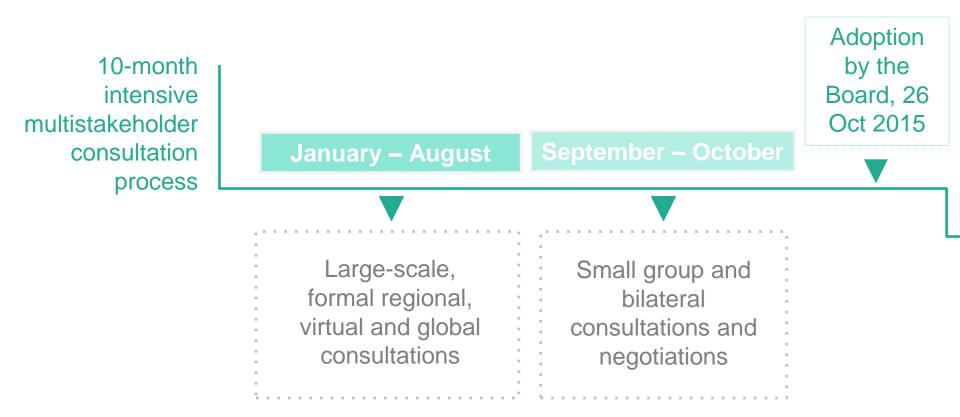
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## Development process: in short

In light of the 35th PCB request to update and extend the Strategy





## January – August

**Consultation process** 

#### Objectives

Design a consultative, accessible process

Be in "listening mode"

Generate shared understanding of priorities, opportunities and challenges; how to accelerate progress



## Outputs

Synthesis and annotated outline delivered to 36th PCB

First draft (Aug 3) for consultation



#### Consultations

7 regional consultations+ 2 in North America+ 1 in Western Europe

1st virtual consultation,280 inputs, 50 countries,5 languages

Global consultation with 50 MS; 4 PCB NGOs

2nd virtual consultation, 140+ inputs, 4 languages

## September – October

**Consultation process** 



#### **Objectives**

Technically validate Strategy and framework

Identify and generate consensus on challenging issues

Produce widely-owned Strategy that is focused, bold, with best practices

#### Consultations

Briefings with each constituency

Missions Briefing with EXD HRRG

Ongoing collaboration with PCB Chair & Co-Chair

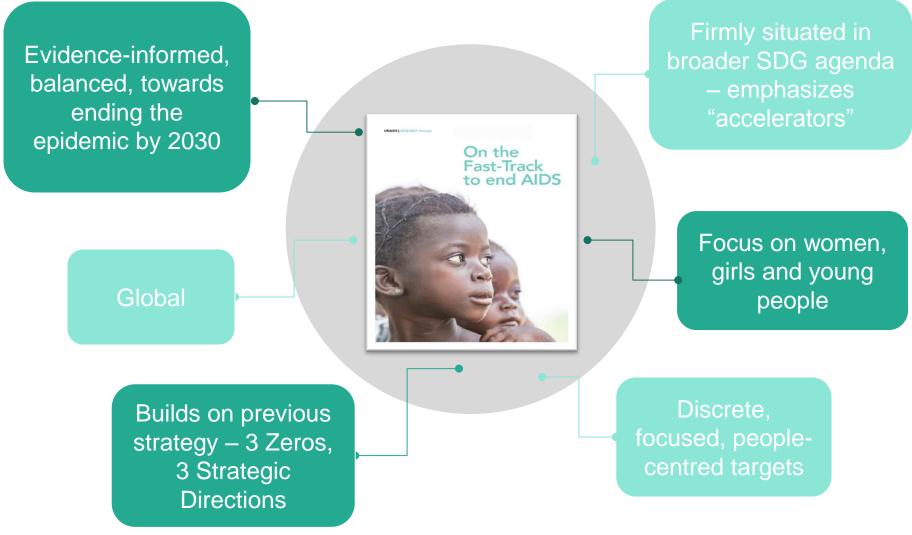
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#### Outputs

Second/final draft, Sept 17 (ahead of Missions Briefing)

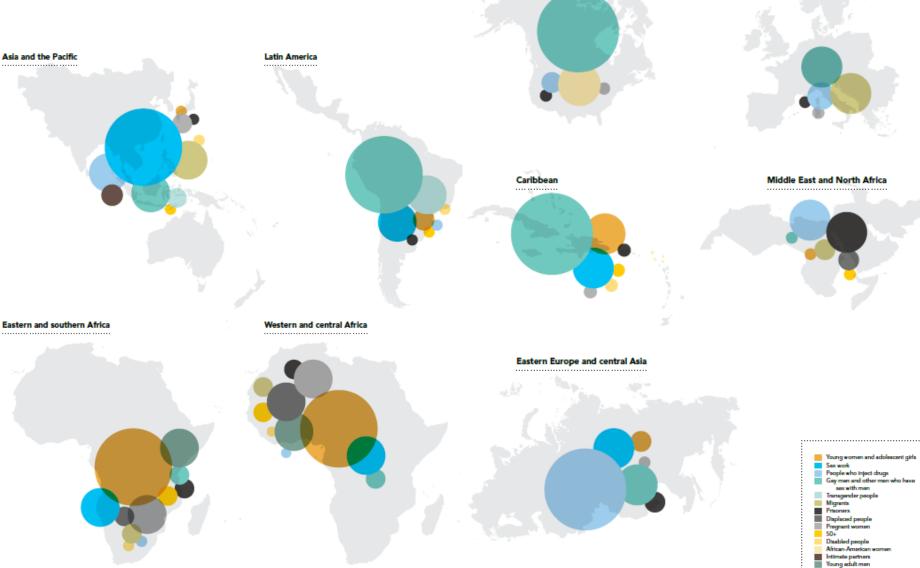
Final Strategy, 19 Oct

## Key features UNAIDS 2016 – 2021 Strategy





# Importance of location and population



North America

Western Europe

## Strategy contents

Executive summary

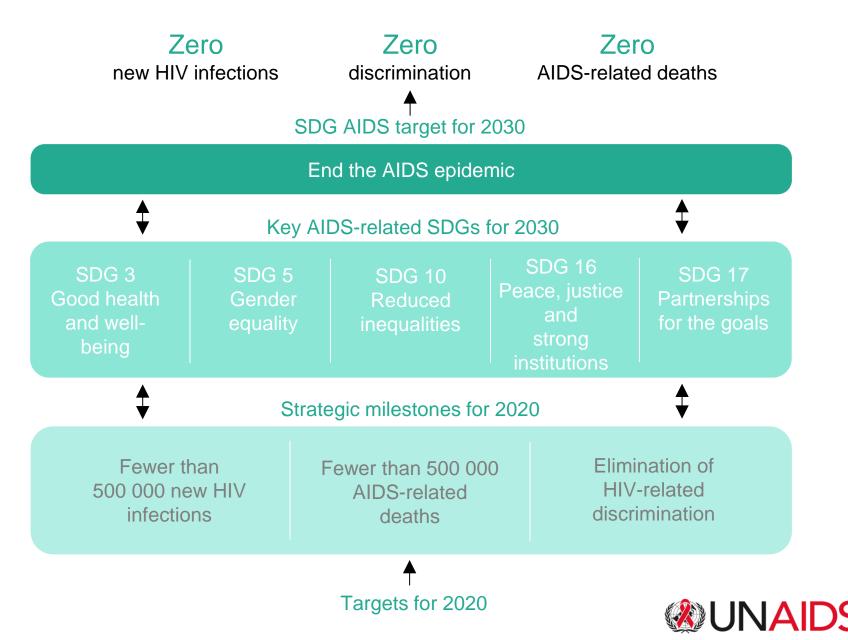
- 1. Building on solid foundations
  - A defining moment
  - On solid ground: unprecedented progress under 2011–2015 Strategy
  - Imperative for change
- 2. Time to Fast-Track: strategic leadership agenda
  - By Fast-Tracking today, we can end the AIDS epidemic by 2030
  - Result areas to Fast-Track the response and accelerate progress on SDGs
- 3. How UNAIDS will deliver on this Strategy
  - Optimizing the comparative advantages of the Joint Programme
  - Results and accountability of the Joint Programme

#### Annexes:

- 1. Overview of the process of developing the UNAIDS 2016-2021 Strategy
- 2. Enhancing the leadership role of the regions: regional profiles
- 3. Illustrative list of indicators
- 4. Glossary
- 5. Abbreviations



## Goal and target framework



## 10 targets for 2020

90% of PLHIV (children, adolescents and adults) know their status; 90% PLHIV who know their status are receiving treatment; 90% of people on treatment have suppressed viral loads

**Zero** new HIV infections among children, and mothers are alive and well

27m additional men in high-prevalence settings are voluntarily medically circumcised, as part of integrated SRH services for men

90% of people living with. at risk of and affected by HIV report no discrimination, esp. in health, education and workplace

90% of young people are empowered with the skills, knowledge and capability to protect themselves from HIV

90% of key pops, incl. SWs, MSM, PWID, TG people, and prisoners, as well as migrants have access to HIV combination prevention services

Overall financial investments for the AIDS response in low- and middleincome countries reach at least USD 30 billion, with continued increase from the current levels of domestic public sources

90% of women and men. especially young people and those in high-prevalence settings have access to HIV combination prevention and SRH services

90% of women and girls live free from gender inequality and gender-based violence to mitigate risk and impact of HIV

75% of people living with, at risk of and affected by HIV, who are in need, benefit from HIV-sensitive social protection



## Result areas 1 and 2

### Good health and well-being SDG 3



Children, adolescents and adults living with HIV access testing, know their status and are immediately offered and sustained on affordable quality treatment

- Testing
- Infant diagnostics
- Services upon diagnosis
- Regular monitoring
- Affordable treatment
- Humanitarian emergencies
- R&D

New HIV infections among children eliminated and their mother's health and well-being is sustained

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- Immediate treatment for pregnant women
- HIV, SRH, FP, TB, MCH integrated
- Services for male
  partners



## Result areas 3 and 4

## Reduced inequalities SDG 10



Young people, especially young women and adolescent girls, access combination prevention services and are empowered to protect themselves from HIV

- Independent and equal access to services
- Combo prevention, including primary
- 20 billion condoms
- 27 million VMMC
- CSE
- Young people engaged



Tailored HIV combination prevention services are accessible to key populations, including SWs, MSM, PWID, transgender people, and prisoners, as well as migrants

- Combo prevention, including primary
- New media
- 3 million on PrEP
- Harm reduction
- Crisis affected populations
- PLHIV and key pops engaged





## Result area 5

## Gender equality SDG 5



Women and men practice and promote healthy gender norms and work together to end gender-based, sexual and intimate partner violence to mitigate risk and impact of HIV

- Women, girls, men, boys involved
- Supportive laws, policies and practices
- Sexual and reproductive health and rights
- Economic empowerment
- Women, including WLHIV, engaged



## Result area 6

### Just, peaceful and inclusive societies SDG 16



Punitive laws, policies, practices, stigma and discrimination that block effective responses to HIV are removed

- Punitive laws removed
- Know your rights
- Access to justice
- Non-discrimination in health, workplace, education
- Violence against key pops prevented



## Result areas 7 and 8

## Global partnership SDG 17



AIDS response is fully funded and efficiently implemented based on reliable strategic information

- > \$31b available
- Sustainability transition plans
- Strategic info
- Efficiencies
- Technology transfer
- Support to civil society



People-centred HIV and health services are integrated in the context of stronger systems for health

- HIV-sensitive UHC
- Social protection
- Community systems
- HR for health
- Procurement and supply chain



## Strategy available online

#### In English:

\_EN\_rev1.pdf

http://www.unaids.org/en/resources/documen ts/2015/UNAIDS\_PCB37\_15-18 http://www.unaids.org/sites/default/files/medi a\_asset/20151027\_UNAIDS\_PCB37\_15\_18

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#### In French (PCB document):

http://www.unaids.org/fr/resources/docume nts/2015/UNAIDS\_PCB37\_15-18

http://www.unaids.org/sites/default/files/me dia\_asset/20151027\_UNAIDS\_PCB37\_15-18\_FR\_rev1.pdf

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## Thank you!





