Global AIDS Strategy 2021-2026

UNAIDS – strategy development and follow up action

EU HIV/AIDS, HEP, TB CSF MEETING 04.03.2021

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End Inequalities. End AIDS. Global AIDS Strategy 2021-2026

In line with SDGs, 2025 targets and vision of Three Zeros

Strategic priorities with result areas:

- Maximize equitable and equal access to HIV services and solutions
- Break down barriers to achieving HIV outcomes
- Fully resource and sustain efficient HIV responses and integrate them into systems for health, social protection, humanitarian settings and pandemic responses

Regional profiles
2025 HIV targets and commitments

95 targets:
- Combination prevention
- Treatment targets
- Women access SRHR services
- Service coverage – eliminating vertical transmission

90 targets:
- PLHIV receiving TB preventive treatment
- Linkage to integrated health services

10 targets:
- Stigma and discrimination
- Gender based inequalities and GBV
- Punitive laws and policies
Regional profiles – Eastern Europe and Central Asia

Regional priority actions:

- **Urgently expand access to combination HIV prevention**
- **Close gaps in the testing and treatment**
- **Institutionalize community-led services into national health care and HIV prevention systems**
- **Remove discriminatory and punitive laws, policies and structural barriers**
- **Transform harmful gender norms and reduce gender-based violence**
Regional profiles – Western and Central Europe and North America – part 1

**Regional priority actions:**

- Increase domestic financing
- Develop and implement national plans
- Improve testing strategies
- Expand HIV prevention services, including PrEP and harm reduction.
- Improve quality of life of people living with HIV by overcoming stigma and discrimination in health care services
- Provide universal access for all, including key populations and migrants, to stigma-free quality HIV prevention, treatment and care services
Regional profiles – Western and Central Europe and North America – part 2

**Regional priority actions (continued)**

- Provide equal access to and the continuation of HIV prevention, treatment and care services for people in closed settings
- Provide equal access to and the continuation of HIV prevention, treatment and care services for people in closed settings
- Remove legal, regulatory and financial barriers
- Remove punitive and discriminatory laws and policies
- Increase community engagement and leadership in local responses
- Improve the quality and timeliness of data collection, reporting and use
- Increase investments in HIV research
MAJOR OPPOSITION AND ISSUES

- “Red flags” for member states in the strategy:
  - Human rights (right to health, right to prevention treatment, SRHR etc.)
  - Key populations named and listed
  - Civil society – role of, definition of, and funding for

- Broader context:
  - Limiting UNAIDS mandate to HIV i.e. not human rights
  - Push to keep gender binary
  - Make certain key populations disappear in national context
  - Challenging processes at PCB, place of CS at the table
ADVOCACY POINTS AND OPPORTUNITIES

- **Strong and progressive strategy**
  - needs welcoming and applauding
  - Broad sign up by member states
  - Focus on adequate funding: UBRAF, GFATM, national programmes, civil society

- **UNAIDS PCB Special session – March 24-25 (Pre-meetings from March 9)**
  - Register as observing NGO – Friday March 5th 6pm CET

- **UNGA High Level Meeting on HIV/AIDS – June 8-10, 2021**
  - Civil society participation
  - Advocacy at national level: broad signing up for strategy