International AIDS Society and AIDS2010

Presentation to EU HIV/AIDS Civil Society Forum Ron MacInnis Director, Policy and Programmes, IAS

Who is IAS?

- World's largest membership assn of HIV professionals – 13,000 members
- Elected Governing Council
- Secretariat Staff Based in Geneva
- Conferences
- Programmes and Policy/Advocacy -NEW

IAS Policy Advocacy Priorities

- Promoting strategies to strengthen the Global Health Workforce and build Health Systems capacity; and Integration of HIV and other Health Services
- Promoting research on TB/HIV co-infection and scaleup of TB Prevention, Care and Treatment services for PLHIV
- Promoting scale up of Operations Research and Implementation of Evidence-Based interventions for effective HIV Prevention and Treatment
- Fighting Stigma and Discrimination, and Promoting Rights of PLHIV
- Promoting expanded Social and Political Science Research on HIV

Policy Tools and Approaches

5 Priority Areas:

Multiple Tools

About Health Systems & Health Workers

About Scaling-up Research

About Evidence-based Interventions

About Stigma & Discrimination & Rights of PLHIV

About Soc/Pol. Science & Research

Expert Groups

Special Summits

Communications

Campaigns

Conferences

High-Impact Policy Engagement &

Global Advocacy

Tool

Policy Papers,
Mapping &
Consultation –
In order to:
Provide
Leadership
On
An Issue

Policy priority

Promoting rights of PLHIV

Activties/Outputs

- •Secretariat of the International Task Team
- Global Fund decision
- US advocacy env.
- Special session at AIDS 2008

Evidence/ Example



Banning Entry of People Living with HIV/AIDS

The United States, China and Saudi Arabia are among 13 countries that ban HIV-positive persons from entering their borders



Tool

Expert Groups:
Convening &
Supportive Role
Building
Partnerships

Policy priority

Promoting research

Activities/Outputs

•Sydney

Declaration

•Consensus

Statement

•GHWA at G8

Vancouver

Summit 2009



Evidence/ Example







4 AUGUST, 2008

CONSENSUS STATEMENT

Addressing knowledge gaps in the public health approach to delivering antiretroviral therapy and care



Tool: Special Summits

Living 2008

MSM

IDU

Bringing focused attention where progress is lacking

Policy priority

Promoting
evidencebased
nterventions

Activities/Outputs

•MSM: Follow up with WHO & UNAIDS

• IDU: Yalta statement

• LIVING:



Evidence/ Example





Tools and Approaches - Partnership



Partnership - GNP+, ICW, ICASO, WHO, UNAIDS, HIV/AIDS Alliance, Int. Fed of Red Cross/Red Crescent, Mex Network of PLHIV

Year-long process of developing Advocacy Priorities for PLHIV Globally

- Criminalization
- Sexual and Reproductive Health Rights
- Access to Care Treatment and Support
- Positive Prevention

IAS supported the partnership with technical and logistical assistance (facilitation, writing briefing documents, fundraising, etc.)

Tool: **Communications**

Website **Newsletter Open Letters Press Statements Commentary in Journal**

Policy priority

Activities/Outputs

- Challenge accountability
- Put pressure
- Lend IAS independent voice

QUICK & **REACTIVE PRO-ACTIVE & ONGOING**

The Lancet, 26 July '08

Strengthening accountability in the global response to HIV

International AIDS Society and its organising partners of the health-care system.9 are taking steps to use their influence at the conference

As the world turns its attention towards Mexico City for further strengthen such alliances and to make the case the XVII International AIDS Conference (AIDS 2008), the that delivery of HIV programmes can catalyse other areas

AIDS 2008 will also be an opportunity to reflect on the to track progress on international commitments and to
June 2008 UN High-Level Meeting on AIDS. Progress strengthen accountability for those commitments in reports released in advance of that meeting indicate that most countries are far off-target to reach universal access The conferences and its themes have served as goals. 1.30 At AIDS 2008, civil society and scientific léaders milestones in the global response to HIV. The theme will join government officials to assess progress as equal

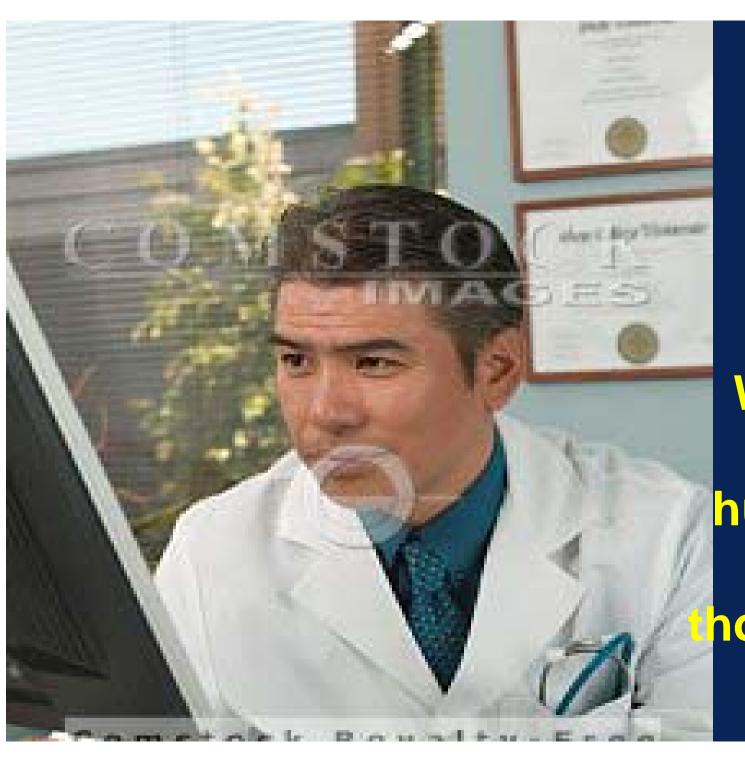




IAC Basic facts

- Largest Health conference
- 23.000 delegates for 6 days
- Unique:
 - researchers/Health professionals
 - people living with HIV/AIDS
 - leaders
 - welcoming activists
- Truly global unlike most other health related conf.



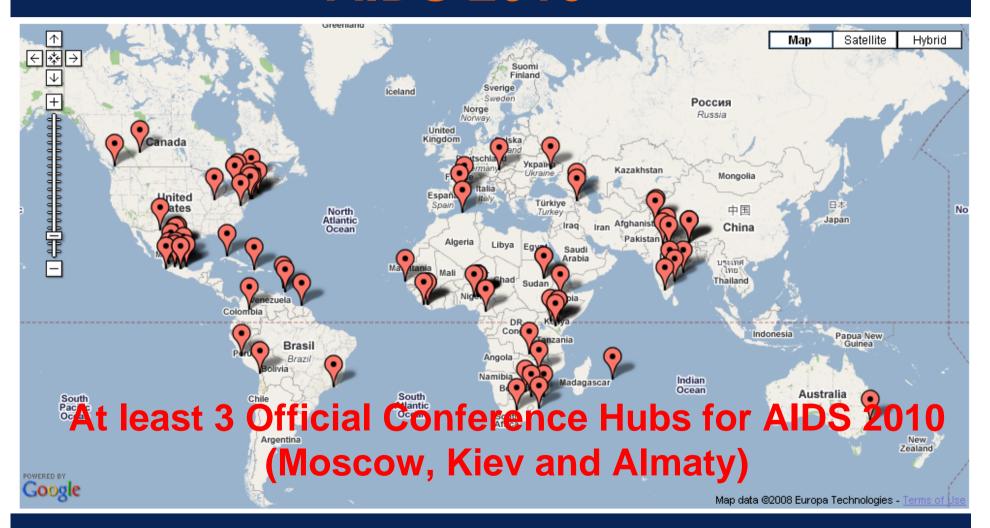


Webcast with hundreds of users

124 Hubs to AIDS 2008



? Hubs to AIDS 2010



What happened at AIDS 2008?

AIDS 2008 - Implications from Epidemiology

- Methodologies improved; many countries still have inadequate surveillance systems/infrastructure problems
- Establishing population-specific incidence rates increasingly critical as mature epidemics
- Lack of epi data on most at-risk populations (MSM, sex workers, IDUs) undermining countries' ability to 'know their epidemic'
- Social epidemiology (structural, individual) and proximate factors of risk (# of partners, biological factors) need to be integrated in overall approach to HIV epidemiology

AIDS 2008 Epidemiology

 Forecast: Implications of ignoring expanding MSM epi in Asia



AIDS 2008 - Implications for Basic Science

- Conflicting reports on origin of residual viremia;
- Increased focus on how HIV integrates with human DNA at cellular level in gut associated lymphoid tissue and other reservoirs; ongoing challenge to eradication
- Increased focus on leveraging innate immunity and inflammatory response in new approaches (e.g., role of Toll-Like Receptors (TLRs)

AIDS 2008 - Implications from Clinical Research

- Mounting evidence suggesting early initiation provides improved clinical outcomes (pressure on WHO guidelines revision)
- Studies and modeling indicate enormous potential of task shifting as strategy for addressing health care worker shortages (frees up to 78% of physician time)
- Lack of laboratory diagnostics/monitoring in resource-limited settings can lead to increase in resistance-related mutations; less precise clinical decision-making
- Results after an 18-month follow-up to the Kisumu circumcision trial indicate risk reduction increased to 65% from 60% at two years

AIDS 2008 Impact on Prevention Research

- Vaccines: back to basics, new focus on replicating adenovirus vectors rather than the non-replicating vector used in the failed STEP trial
- ART as prevention: substantial discussion about implications of the Swiss consensus statement, NIH trial of serodiscordant couples will yield results in 2016
- Microbicide research focusing on using ARV compounds in topical appoications rather than broad-spectrum compounds

AIDS 2008 Social, Behaviour and Economic Science Learning

- 'Combination Prevention': deploy multiple, concurrent approaches that include structural/social as well as behavioural and biomedical interventions
- Most at-risk populations (MSM, IDUs, sex workers) continue to face high HIV prevalence and lower access to HIV interventions due to structural barriers
- HIV-related stigma index: quantitative and qualitative approach to assess changes at country level over time
- Reform of GFTAM granting guidelines to strengthen participation by MARPs in CCMs, priority-setting

AIDS 2008 - Learning from Policy and Political Science

- Strong focus on human rights as a precursor to achieving universal access: gender equity, decriminalization of homosexuality and sex work; Brazil example
- Ongoing human rights violations reported: sex worker plenary example: coercive health interventions, mandatory testing /denial of health services:

AIDS 2008 Impact from Policy and Political Science



PEPFAR Support for Renovation of Existing PHCs





Before HIV renovation work, October 2006

After HIV renovation work, April 2007

Rutobwe Primary Health Center Lab

*Photo courtesy of FHI

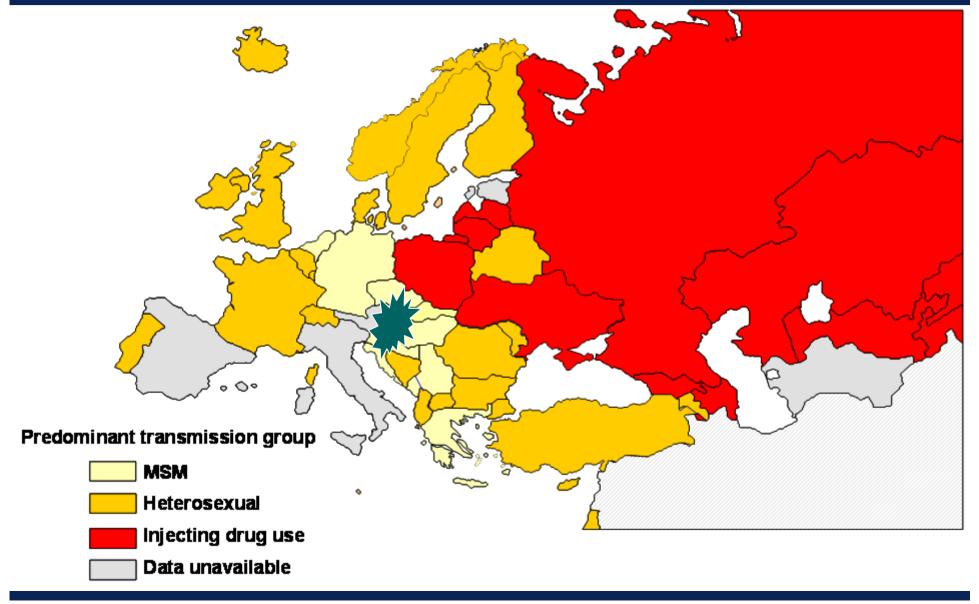
AIDS 2008 - Learning from Regional Focus

Eastern Europe/Central Asia:

- Challenges: Access to substitution therapy/harm reduction programs very low in region; very limited data on gay/MSM community in Kiev
- Progress: Ukraine scaling up ART/harm reduction programs; increased resources from Russian Federation (need to strengthen dialogue with Russian Federation on removing barriers to OST/NSP)



Why Vienna?



Content of 2010 so far



Conference content to be decided by AIDS 2010 Committees

Plenary Speakers
Programme Sessions
Prof. Deve/Skills Building
Programme
Conference Theme
Conference Communication



AIDS 2010 Programme Committee

- 48 Committee members
 - 28 women
 - 20 men
- European
 - 25 members
- International
 - 23 members

- North America
 - 9 members
- South America
 - 2 members
- Asia-Pacific
 - 5 members
- Africa
 - 7 members

Programme Committee Cochairs

- SPC Co-Chairs
 - Robert Zangerle Austria
 - Adeeba Kamarulzaman Malaysia
 - Diane Havlir United States
- CPC Co-Chairs
 - Helmut Garcia Solarte Austria
 - Jennifer Gatsi Namibia
- LPC Co-Chairs
 - Petra Bayr Austria
 - Françoise Girard Canada

(EE & CA) Regional Focal Points

- SPC Regional Focal-Point
 - Vladimir Mendelevich Russia
- CPC Regional Focal-Point
 - Svetlana Moroz Ukraine
- LPC Regional Focal-Point
 - Raminta Stuikyte Lithuania

AIDS 2010 SPC Members

- Alexendra Trkola Switzerland
- Christine Rouzioux France
- Anton Pozniak
 United Kingdom
- Paula Munderi Uganda
- Maria Prins Netherlands
- Ying-Ru Lo Germany/China/Indonesia

- Christiana Nöstlinger Belgium
- Barbara de Zalduondo Switzerland/United States
- Konstantin Lezhentzev
 Ukraine
- TBC
- Frank Amort
 Austria
- Christine Stegling
 Botswana

2010 CPC Members

- Gennady
 Roshchupkin
 Lithuania
- Wiltrut Stefanek Austria
- Olayide Akanni Nigeria
- Dauda Diouf Senegal
- Cheryl Overs Australia
- Anastasia Kamlyck Russia

- Christo Greyling
 South Africa
- Ratri Suksma Malaysia
- Korey AnthonyChisholm *Guyana*
- Philippa Lawson United States
- Paul Kawata United States
- Sally Smith United Kingdom

2010 LPC Members

- Gottfried Mernyi Austria
- Kamila Fatihova Uzbekistan
- Nathan Ford South Africa/United Kingdom
- Ralf Jurgens Canada/Germany
- Lennarth Hjelmaker Sweden
- Richard Horton United Kingdom
- Silvia Petretti United Kingdom

- Inviolata Mwali Mbwavi Kenya
- Manuella Donato Brazil
- Mary Ann Torres Canada/Venezuela
- Liping Mian China
- Anurita Bains
 Canada
- Linda Jackson United States
- Srdan Matic Croatia

Universal Action Now! **Mexico City, Mexico** 2008 Time to Deliver 2006 Toronto, Canada Access for All Bangkok, Thailand 2004 Knowledge and 2002 Barcelona, Spain Commitment for Action Break the Silence 2000 **Durban, South Africa** Bridging the Gap 1998 Geneva, Switzerland One World. One Hope 1996 Vancouver, Canada

Your ideas for AIDS 2010 theme?