Action	Indicator	COM and agencies (ECDC, EMCDDA, EAHC)	MS	Civil society	IO and others (business)
L Dalities policy		RAFT WORK IN PF	ROGRESS D	RAFT	
I. Politics, policy, HIV/AIDS as	<u>civit society</u>	1		Т	[
political issue					
1. Promote HIV/AIDS as public health and social concern, keep the topic on the political agenda	EU presidencies addressing HIV/AIDS as priority issue Inclusion of , HIV/AIDS cooperation in future agreements with third countries	 Political exchange of Commission / Commissioners: HIV as general topic in public health agenda; EU presidencies priorities; specific initiatives such as ARV access (human rights, harm reduction, travel restrictions e.g. US actual problems); World AIDS Day activities by COM; Work plans of EC agencies Awareness: ECDC activities (country visits, surveillance, epidemiology, basis for policy recommendations), WAD 	EU presidencies;Council conclusions and EP report on the COM communicationImplementation of agreed actions (action plan and communication)Co-fundingPolicy developmentlegislation (anti- discrimination, health policies) and budgets for prevention, treatment,	Advocacy, Lobbying e.g. for prioritisation of EU Presidency programs Active position in Policy development Anti-discrimination work Regular monitoring and evaluation of own and others' activities	International commitments on HIV/AIDS Implementation of agreed actions (MDG; GF activities,) Co-funding (civil society, etc) Promotion of civil society

t	i	t		i	i
		activities;	care and support		
		EC role at Vienna conference;			
		Mainstreaming: interservice			
		groups; health in all policies;			
		external relations policies,			
		research policy agenda;			
		1 9 0 9			
		Agreements with third			
		countries : ToR with Russia –			
		dialogue on public health,			
		bilateral ENP action plans			
		(Ukraine and Moldova with			
		special section on HIV); new			
		association agreements between			
		ERU and Ukraine and Moldova			
		ERU and Ukraine and Moldova			
		Enlargement process			
		Enlargement process: HIV/AIDS included in the			
		chapters on public health			
		Dest use of Dublin monitoring			
		Best use of Dublin monitoring			
		results to strengthen political			
		leadership			
2. Regular	Number of	Organisation of the regular		Exchange of	
2. Regular HIV/AIDS				information and	
	meetings	meetings , setting agenda,			
Think Tank and	dissemination and	facilitating discussions and plans,		cooperation between	
Civil Society	dissemination and			stakeholders on	

Forum meetings 3. Tackle	implementation of results from meetings Actions agreed Anti	also between meetings Focus on survey of national responses (constraints, cooperation, policies,) Funding joint actions/projects through Health programme – priorities set along the action plan Broad dissemination of TT minutes (intra COM, MoH – proposal UNAIDS) monitoringlevel and degree of	EU anti-	national and international level fight discrimination	
discrimination in relation to HIV status	discrimination laws in place Level of discrimination in relation to HIV status	 anti-discrimination legislation implemented in EU MS (see ref. in communication, labour related legislation); COM-TT meeting on integrated HIV response with national reps not from health departments (proposal CSF) Contribution of discrimination to the propagation of HIV in Europe: a project for the FRA? Funding possibilities through 	discrimination policies translated into national law and applied accordingly; survey;	and its effects: projects? Data? Examples?	

		COM instruments (e.g. DPI)			
4. Regular meetings of National AIDS Coordinator meetings to share best practices, contribute to policy coherence	Meetings organised	Framework needs to be discussed – EU presidency as in 2007?; or extended TT meeting (CSF proposal)	MS to volunteer		
HIV/AIDS policies and strategies					
5. Development, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of targeted , regional, national and supranational HIV/AIDS	Number of explicit HIV/AIDS policies in place, scale and quality of implementation Monitoring of existing plans	Dublin declaration monitoring report 2010 gives country based data on this – policy recommendations; Promotion of CS involvement in national response (with 3 rd countries).	Strengthen implementation of HIV programmes of public health programmes with relevance for HIV where needed – reporting.	Active contributions to national, regional policies – involvement in country coordination.	
policies			Do national / international programmes contribute effectively to the reduction HIV		

			transmission and to improve the situation of PLWHA – reporting.		
Civil society 6. Support of civil society through funding and legal support at EU and national levels Involve and consult civil society in development and implementation of HIV policies	Engagement of NGOs in EU, national and regional coordinating committees and policy bodies, NGOs input into programme coordination and policy making	Direct grants to NGOs (health programme and other instruments) CSF meetings and cooperation with CSF on various activities (ARV initiative, communication, ECDC,)	Funding and involvement CS		Promotion of CS in adequate activities on country and international level
The private sector					
7. Intensify the cooperation with private sector – business and media Work with pharmaceutical	Coverage of HIV in workplace programmes Presence of HIV issues in media Number of ARV	Revitalise ARV initiative 2008; check with MS first where need exist. (take up (regular) discussions with EFPIA) Which PPP with a specific focus on HIV (prevention, access) are	Which PPP with a specific focus on HIV are in place and what impact?	Information on shortcomings and further participation in initiative.	

	muiaa naleata	in along and what impact?	1		
industry to	price rebate	in place and what impact?			
improve access	agreements				
and availability	_				
of treatment	Treatment				
across Europe	coverage				
_					
II. Prevention					
Targeted and					
combination					
prevention					
8. Identify	Percentage of	Eurobarometer?	Data and assessment	(HIV in Europe,	
prevention needs	population		from MS	testing,	
targeting local	informed about	ECDC survey		recommendations	
realities as key in	transmission	LEDC survey	Extend prevention	promoted across	
•		UD mainsta	measures wherever	-	
regional/national	modes and	HP projects		Europe - CSF	
HIV policies	prevention		need and possible	proposal)	
T	measures				
Targeted					
prevention to	Access to	(HIV in Europe, testing,			
most at risk	comprehensive	recommendations promoted			
groups as central	prevention	across Europe – CSF proposal)			
focus of national	services and				
prevention	commodities				
strategies					
	Accessibility and				
Improve	affordability of				
exchange of best	condoms	Prevention as regular topic in			
practice,		Think Tank meetings;			
information and		THINK TAIK INCOMISS,			
education on		Succific meeting combined			
cuucation on		Specific meeting – combined			

HIV and HIV	1	with conference - focusing on	1		
prevention		prevention in Europe. Gaps and needs?			
		needs?			
HIV					
transmission and					
risk behaviour					
9. Strengthening	Improved	ECDC and EMCDDA work	Data provision,		
of behavioural	understanding of	plans	cooperation with EU		
surveillance to	behavioural	plans	agencies and IO		
develop	parameters		agenetes and 10		
measures leading	1				
to reduced risk					
	epidemics				
behaviour	Adaptation of				
In donth analysis	policies and				
In depth analysis of trends and	-				
	prevention				
dynamics in	measures				
sexual and drug	Reduction of new				
use related risk	HIV cases in most				
behaviour	at risk populations				
III Duiouites nogion	I				
III. Priority region					
Eastern					
European Marshar States					
Member States,					
ENP countries					
and the Russian					
Federation					
10. Achieving	ARV coverage	Political support to MS and third	Provision of adequate	Monitoring and	Monitoring and
universal access		countries ;	services and budgets;	advocacy for	advocacy;

to voluntary testing, treatment and care Introduction and implementation of effective harm reduction measures for prevention of HIV	Coverage of IDU specific harm reduction programmes	Funding possibilities through COM instruments	Activities to reduce of discrimination and stigmatisation Implementation of harm reduction measures	services	Conference on price of drugs in Europe and the neighbouring countries (UNAIDS);
Prevention and integrated HIV, TB and co- infection treatment, including in prisons and other particular settings	Coverage of integrated prevention and treatment services in prisons	TB action plan – implementation – internal COM cooperation Promotion of evidence based prevention/ harm reduction measures in MS and beyond – conference?	Integration of TB and HIV services (treatment, testing, services, infrastrucutures,) Transposition of existing evidence to all settings in need		
ENP countries and the Russian Federation 11. Promote cooperation of EU and neighbouring countries on	HIV/AIDS as an agenda point in regular dialogue with relevant ENP countries	Try to include HIV in country action plans and MoU/agreements with third countries	Bi-Multilateral agreements to strengthen response to HIV		Dialogue with EC: e.g. ongoing with UNAIDS

HIV/AIDS Invitation and involvement of neighbouring countries in HIV related meetings at EU level	HIV/AIDS cooperation included in new bilateral agreements with ENP countries	TT and CSF meetings, and other stakeholder groups of other DGs (specify)			
12. Strengthen the surveillance by stepping up cooperation between the ECDC and ENP institutions	Increased interaction with and involvement of ENP in ECDC programmes	ECDC to involve ENP countries in their activities: ex. Dublin declaration monitoring exercise; HIV and STI national contact point meetings; exchange of expertise	exchange of expertise, knowledge		
13. High level conference(s) on HIV and human rights in cooperation with neighbouring countries	Conference and commitments	Discussion with UNAIDS already started, target 2011;		Ensure participation of qualified CS organisations from the region	UNAIDS
14. Exchange programmes between Member States and neighbouring countries for social and NGO training of	Number of exchange programmes	Health programme priorities? Twinning projects thru other EC instruments			

medical and staff					
IV. Priority group			1		
Men having sex with men					
15. Intensify the promotion of safer sex behaviour among MSM	HIV incidence among MSM prevalence rates of MSM	review of impact of existing projects to amend future priorities in this area Health programme priorities	Adequate school curricula; training of medical	Outreach work, counselling, data gathering, primary and secondary prevention activities;	
Information on HIV prevention integrated in sexual and reproductive health education	integrated school curricula on health	ECDC: data (General priority groups: raise issues in ISG, issues for work plan of FRA – proposal CSF)	staff,	(Pan-european MSM NGO network – funded and supported by EU? – CSF proposal – apply health program)	
 16. Intensify implementation of voluntary counselling and testing programs (VCT) among MSM and other most at risk groups Increase out reach work to most at risk 	Incidence of new HIV infections among MSM Rate of late diagnoses among MSM HIV testing rates among MSM Rate of unknown HIV status	Projects co-funded through HP			

groups					
Injecting drug users					
17. Implementation of harm reduction measures for prevention of HIV and drug	Coverage of syringe exchange and clean needles Coverage of substitution treatment programmes	EMCDDA Health Programme projects	implementation of adequate activities		
Migrants and mobile populations					
18. Targeted prevention	Number of programmes and policies developed and implemented	See ECDC report on HIV and migration	implementation of adequate activities		
19. Abolish HIV associated travel and residence restrictions	Number of countries/regions with restrictions	Political support – follow-up French presidency initiative	MS responsibility		
V. Improving the k Research	nowledge		1	1	

20. Promote research for the development of new prevention and treatment solutions for HIV and co- infections	projects and programmes funded	Health programme; research programme priorities	Co-funding	
21. Social and behavioural research, socio- economic analysis	Studies, reports, recommendations	ECDC work plan; Health programme;		
Medicine				
22. Improve capacities and knowledge of medical staff with regards to HIV/AIDS; larger dissemination of clinical best practice	Broad application of international testing and treatment guidelines			
Surveillance				
23. Complete	Full picture on all	ECDC work plan 2011 and		

surveillance of all relevant aspects on HIV/AIDS and associated infections (strengthen behavioural surveillance)	aspects of HIV epidemic in Europe	beyond, cooperation with WHO Europe and UNAIDS; identify gaps in surveillance			
VI. Monitoring an	d evaluation				
Commitments of Dublin, Vilnius and Bremen declarations					
24. Regular monitoring on scale and quality of implementation	Progress reports	ECDC: regular monitoring and evaluation exercise, depending on outcome of 2010 report and recommendations – follow up of actions translated into national context			
Implementation of this action plan		ECDC: develop framework, start M+E in 2011;			
25. Ongoing monitoring on scale and quality of	regular updates on action plan	Think Tank meeting regular agenda point; update by all stakeholders on implementation measures; prioritisation of	Updates on implementation of activities in line with action plan.	CSF meetings updates	Information on news and new projects / programmes to COM and TT/CSF

implementation		activities following outcome;		
		Summary reports to TT on new developments		
26. External	Evaluation report	ECDC and external partners		External expertise?
evaluation in	end 2012			
2012				